



Parallel Beam-Based Alignment in RHIC

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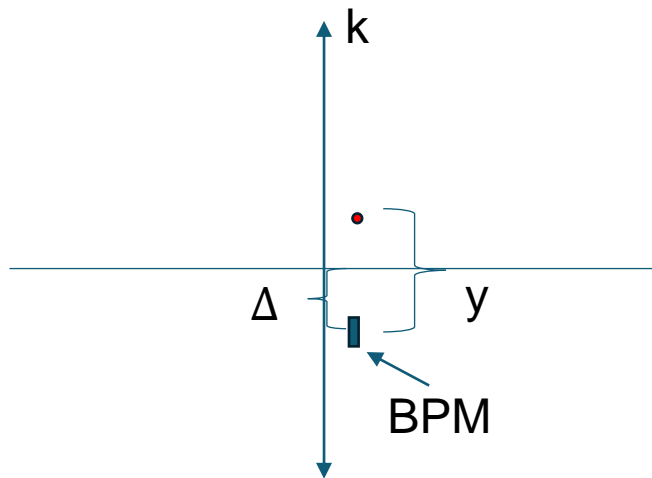
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References

Xiaobiao Huang

Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams **25**, 052802 – Published 16 May 2022. [Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams 25, 052802 \(2022\) - Simultaneous beam-based alignment measurement for multiple magnets by correcting induced orbit shift \(aps.org\)](#)

The principle

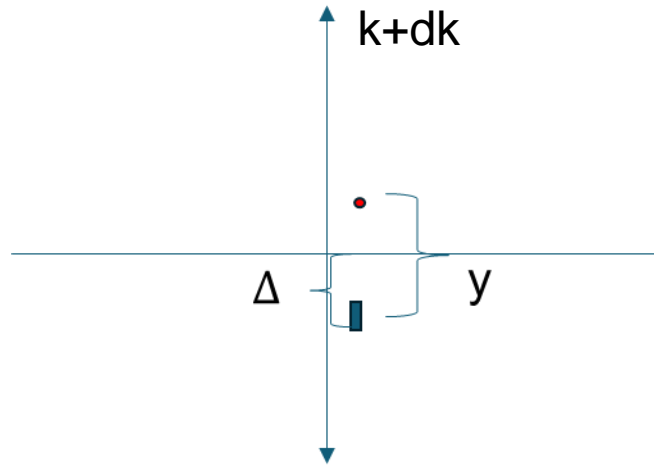


Δ is the relative offset between BPM electrical center and the quad magnet center
 y is the measured beam position at the BPM.

$$Y = M * (kl * (y - \Delta))$$

ORM deflection

Change quad strength by dk



Change of deflection

$$dY = M * dkl * (y - \Delta)$$

Induced orbit shift

Now for a group of quads

$$\begin{pmatrix} dY_1 \\ \vdots \\ dY_m \end{pmatrix} = M(m, n) * dkl(n, n) * \begin{pmatrix} y_1 - \Delta_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n - \Delta_n \end{pmatrix}$$

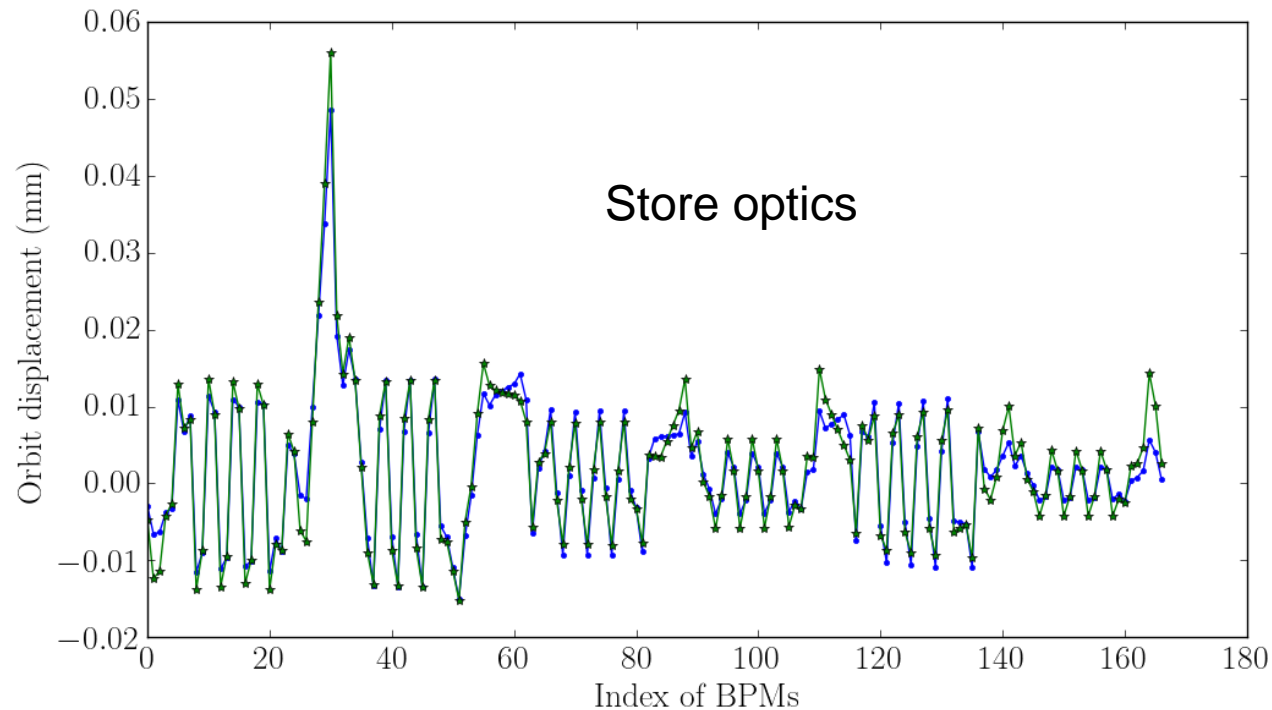
$M(m, n)$ is the ORM from the group of quads to all available BPMs

$dkl(n, n)$ is the diagonal matrix of the integral strength change of the quads

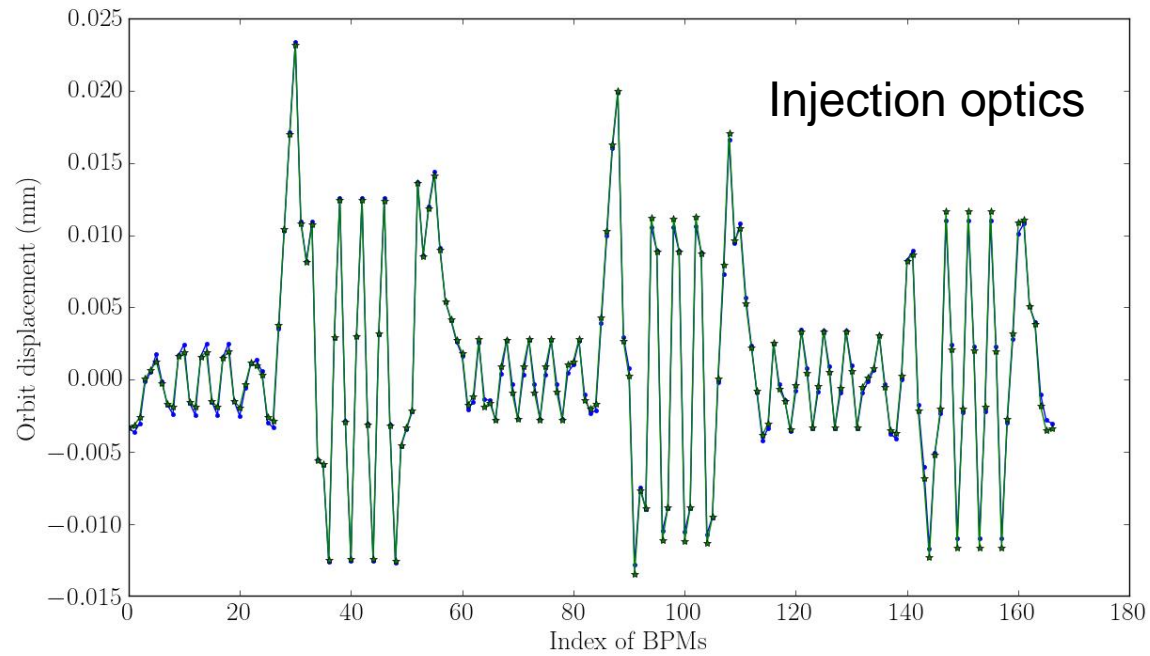
$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 - \Delta_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n - \Delta_n \end{pmatrix}$ are the difference btw initial orbits and quad offsets

Simulations

- Green is the orbit deviation induced by changing the strength of 12 RHIC quads by 0.1% as simulated in Madx.
- Blue is the orbit deviation induced by changing the strength of 12 RHIC quads by 0.1% as calculated based on the matrix form on the previous slide.



Cont'd



Notes

- Make up to 4 percent change to the quad strength, but
- strategically change the strength of the quads so that the tunes stay the same.
- Prefer to perform the study at injection, where we can get beam quickly and the lattice distortion is less.
- No feedbacks during the measurements.
- Implementation is different from the reference.
- Multiple iterations could help.

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