

Ongoing work with Collimation at LHC

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(IHEP, TRIUMF and CERN)

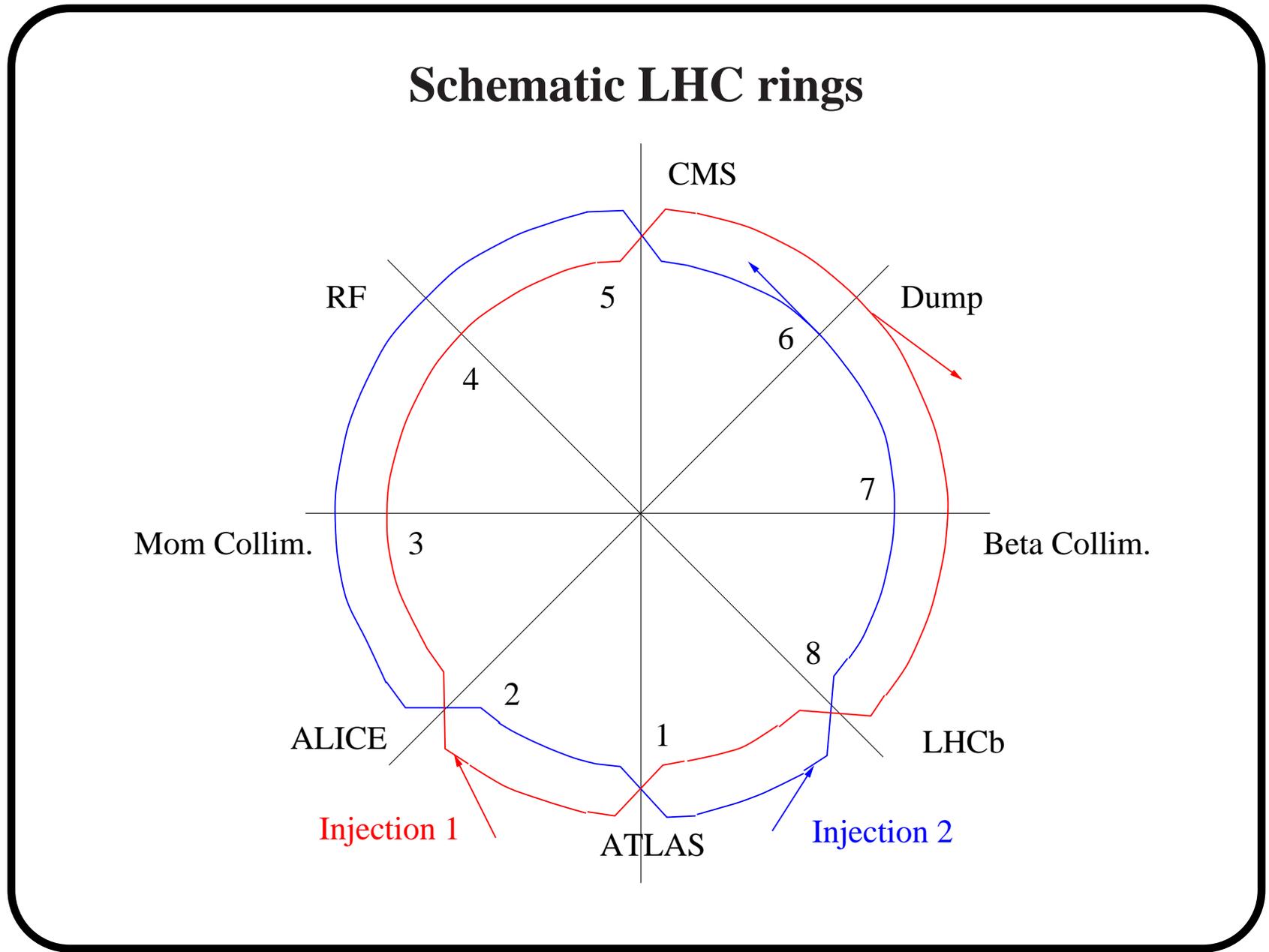
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OUTLINE

- Baseline of the Collimation System (rapidly)
- Collimator materials and dump failure
- Transverse impedance of collimators
- Abort gap filling with off-bucket protons
- Beam Loss Monitoring near collimators

LHC beam parameters

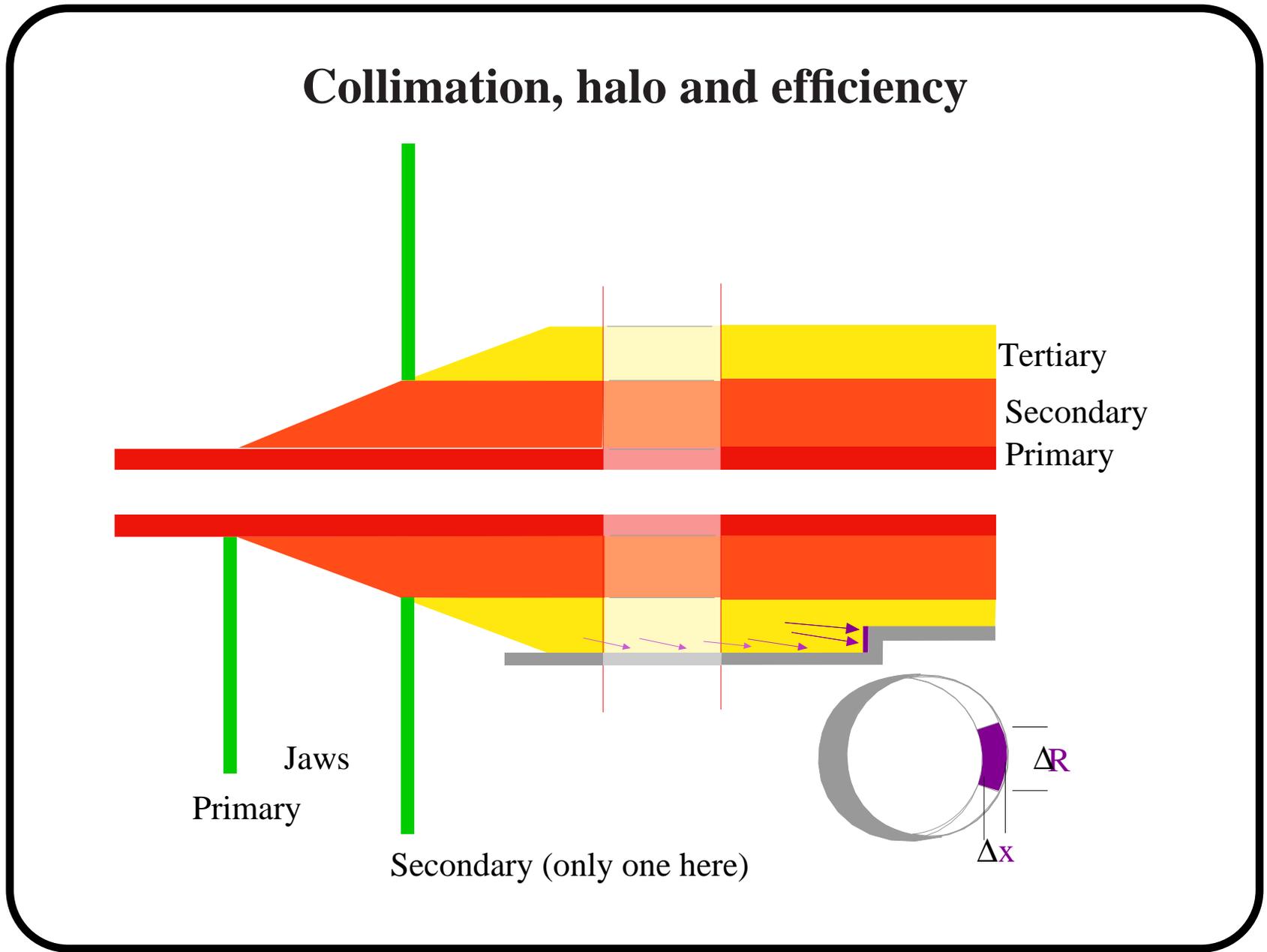
Luminosity	10^{34}	$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$	
σ^* at crossing	16	μm	$\beta^* = 0.5 \text{ m}$
Stored beam	3×10^{14}	protons	$2800 \times 1.05 \times 10^{11}$
Beam energy	7000	Gev	(injection 450 GeV)
Injected energy	2×10^6	J	$\equiv 24 \times 4 \text{ kg melted Cu}$
Stored energy	340×10^6	J	$\equiv 2 \times 800 \text{ kg melted Cu}$
Steady Loss rate	$3 \times 10^9 \text{ p}$	$\equiv 1 \text{ kW}$	$\tau_{\text{beam}} = 30 \text{ hour}$
Peak loss rate	10^{11} p	$\equiv 30 \text{ kW}$	$\tau_{\text{beam}} \sim 1 \text{ hour}$



Issues solved, or believed to be under control

- Momentum collimation down to
 $\delta_p = 3$ o/oo (injection) , $\delta_p = 1$ o/oo (collision)
with one primary and 6 secondary collimators
- Betatron collimation at $n_1 = 6$ radially
with 3 primaries and 12 secondary (or 4/16, still debated)
- Two separate insertions (IR3-mom,IR7-betatron)
- Optics , phase advance, ... granted, no further debate
- Needed efficiency $10^{-4} - 10^{-5} \text{ m}^{-1}$ believed to be at hand

(With D. Kaltchev)



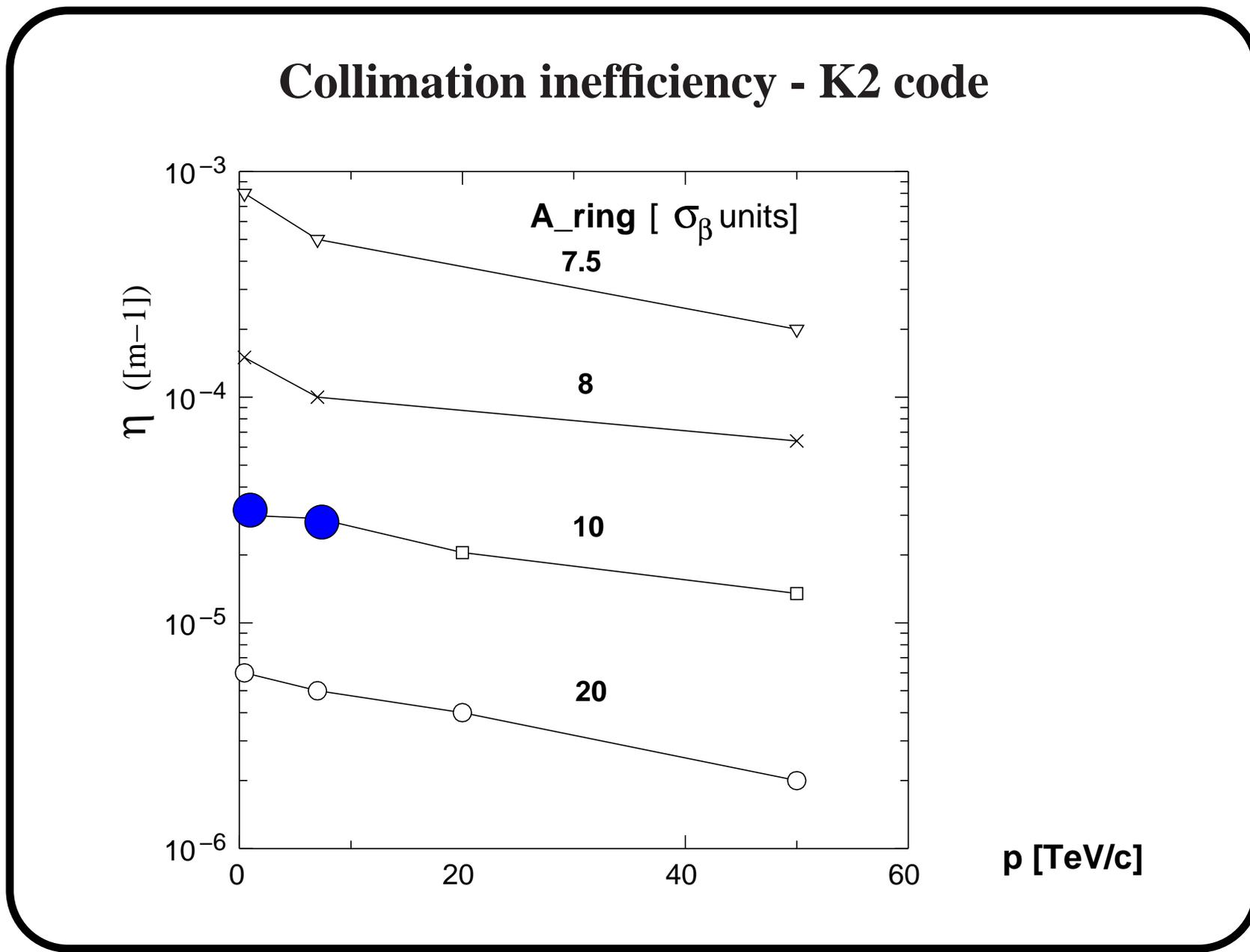
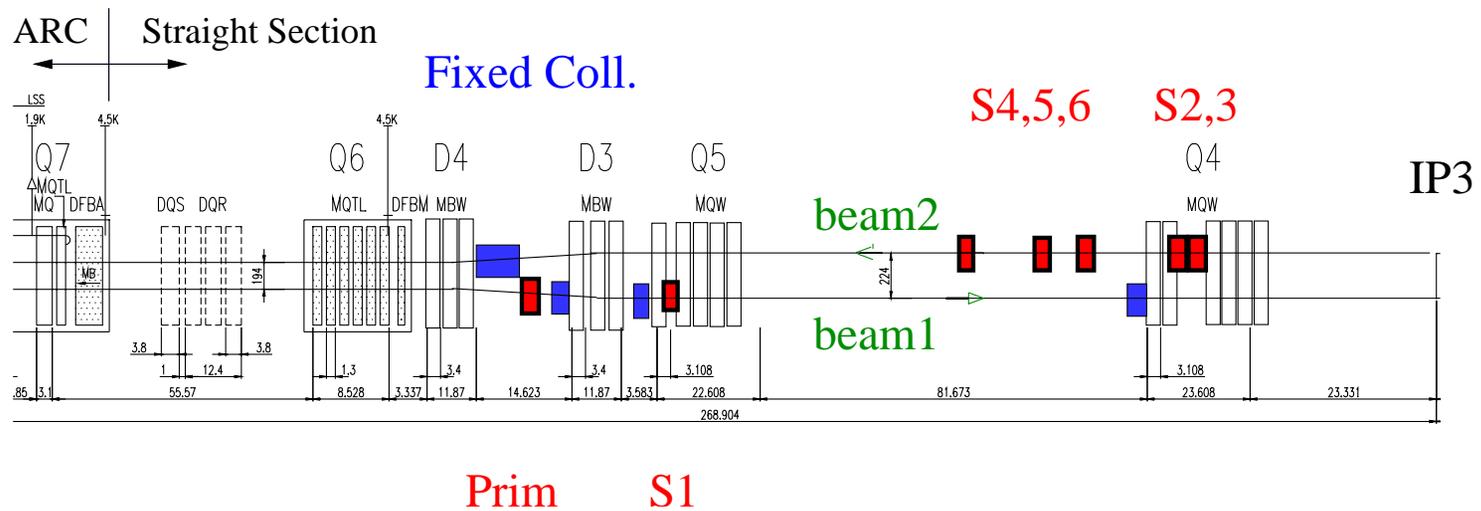


Table 1: Correlated phase advances μ_x and μ_y and $X - Y$ jaw orientations α_{Jaw} for three primary jaw orientations α and four scattering angles ϕ with $\mu_o = \cos^{-1}(n_1/n_2)$.

α	ϕ	μ_x	μ_y	α_{Jaw}	
0	0	μ_o	-	0	mom. coll.
0	π	$\pi - \mu_o$	-	0	mom. coll.
0	$\pi/2$	π	$3\pi/2$	μ_o	mom. coll.
0	$-\pi/2$	π	$3\pi/2$	$-\mu_o$	mom. coll.
$\pi/4$	$\pi/4$	μ_o	μ_o	$\pi/4$	
$\pi/4$	$5\pi/4$	$\pi - \mu_o$	$\pi - \mu_o$	$\pi/4$	
$\pi/4$	$3\pi/4$	$\pi - \mu_o$	$\pi + \mu_o$	$\pi/4$	
$\pi/4$	$-\pi/4$	$\pi + \mu_o$	$\pi - \mu_o$	$\pi/4$	
$\pi/2$	$\pi/2$	-	μ_o	$\pi/2$	
$\pi/2$	$-\pi/2$	-	$\pi - \mu_o$	$\pi/2$	
$\pi/2$	π	$\pi/2$	π	$\pi/2 - \mu_o$	
$\pi/2$	0	$\pi/2$	π	$\pi/2 + \mu_o$	

Real LHC optics: an adequate approximation of this perfect case

Schematic layout of the momentum collimation section



D3-D4: dog-leg structure to sweep-out neutrals
and low energy charged particles

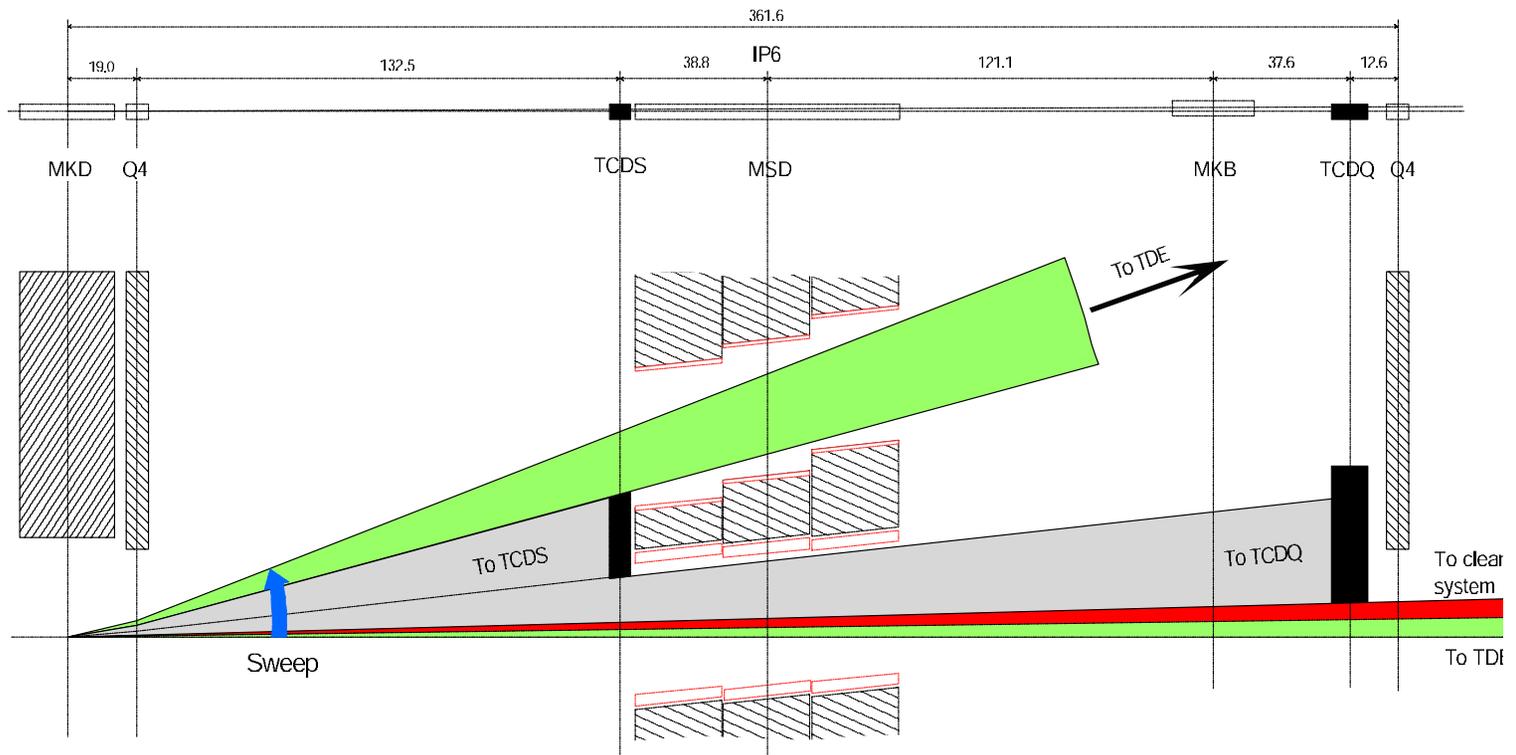
Fixed absorbers : radiation lifetime of warm coils

+ quench limit of cold Q6 ($\tau_{\text{beam}} \sim 1$ hour)

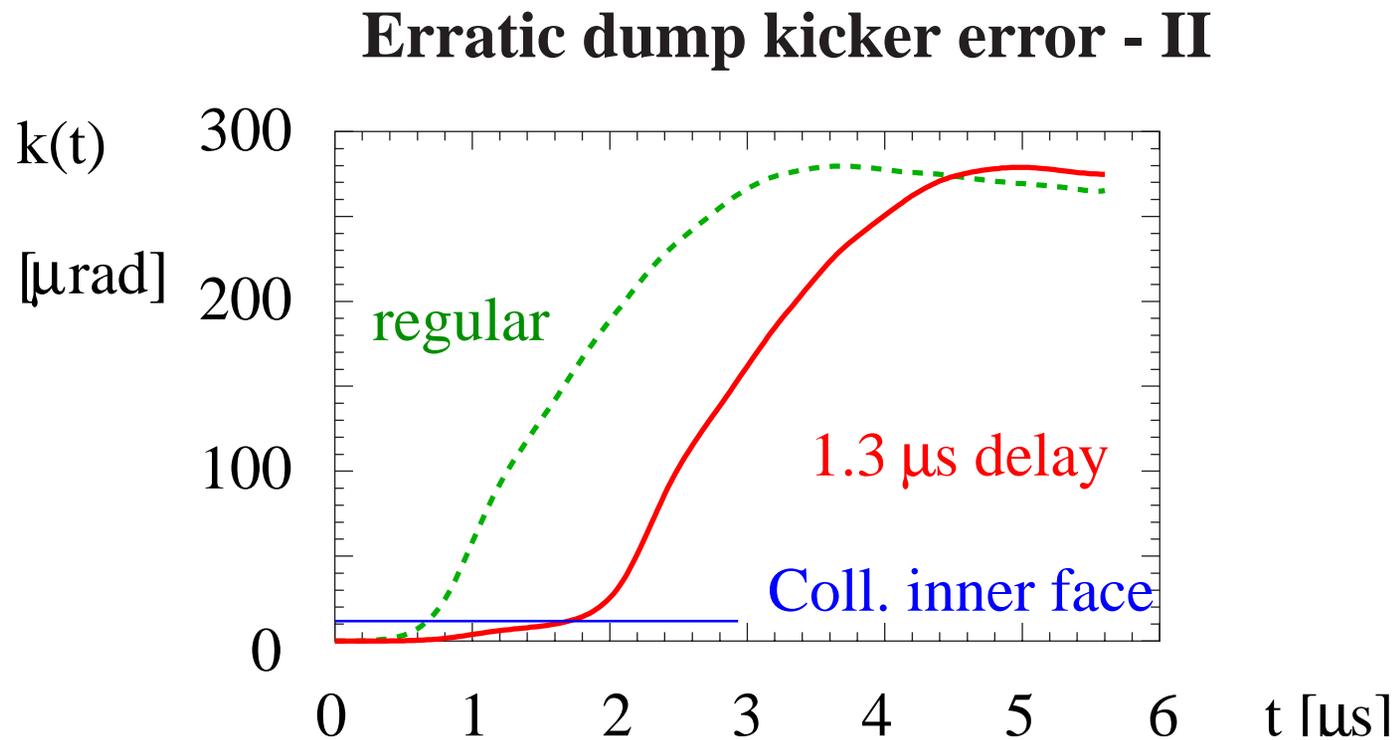
(with I. Ajguirei and I. Baishev, I. Kourotchkin and D. Kaltchev)

Collimator materials and dump failure

Erratic dump kicker error - I

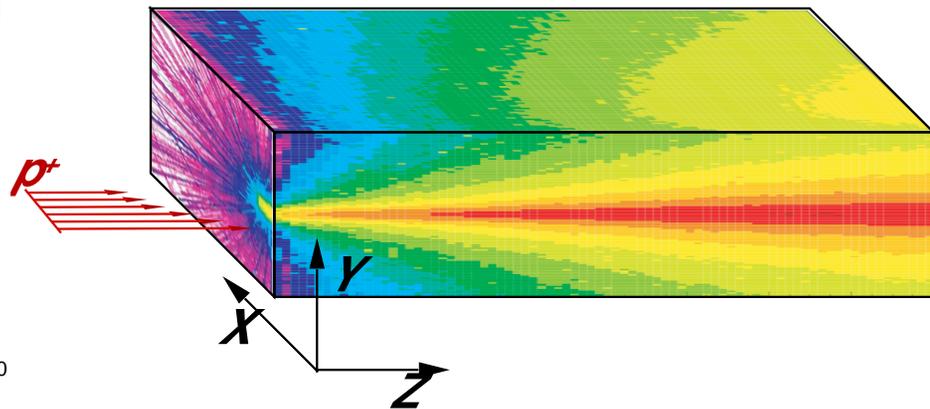
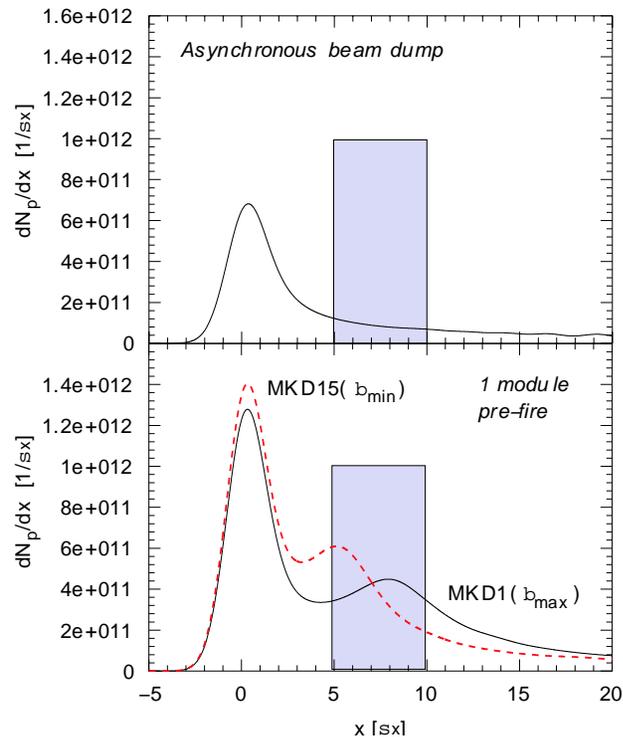


TCDQ and Q4 coil quench limit: N. Mokhov, I. Rakhno, LHC Rep. 478



- External asynchronous trigger
- Auto-trigger of one module, old baseline delay
- Thanks to kicker designers: new delay $\Delta T < 0.7 \mu\text{s}$
(E. Carlier, B. Goddard, J. Uythoven, E. Vossenber)

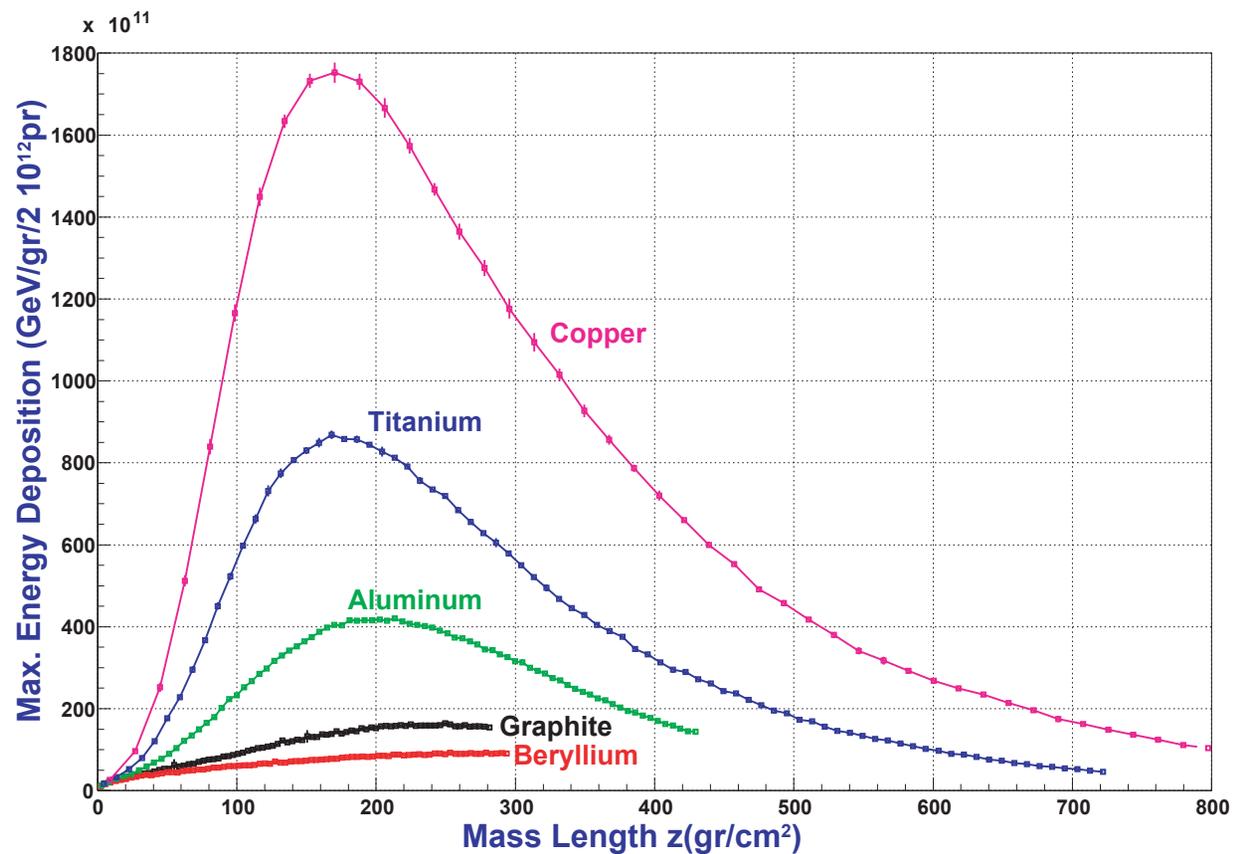
Erratic dump kicker error - III



FLUKA \rightarrow 3D-ANSYS \rightarrow Peak stress

(O. Aberle, L. Bruno, A. Ferrari, P. Sievers, V. Vlachoudis)

Materials for the jaws - I



⇒ Low-Z materials mandatory

Materials for the jaws - II

Case	Nb. bunches on jaw	Survival deficit factor	
		Graphite	Beryllium
1.3 μs	20	3	9
0.7 μs	8	1.2	3.6
Regular	5	0.75	2.2

- Survival for a very large number of events
- if probabilities are small, $\sim 30\%$ more margin
→ Graphite OK with 0.7 μs delay
- But transverse impedance is too large for graphite
and ~ 25 collimators

Materials for the jaws - III

- **Beryllium**
 - Good electrical conductivity
 - Factor ~ 3 above thermal stress limit vs. dump failure
 - Toxicity issues
- **'Ordinary' graphite**
 - \sim OK with thermal stress
 - OK with vacuum (tested)
 - bad electrical conductivity \rightarrow impedance

With low-Z, power deposition is low , : $\Delta T < 20$ K

\rightarrow no harmful deformation for steady state operation

Transverse impedance of collimators

Transverse impedance - I

- Dominated by resistive part
- Allowed budget 100 – 200 M Ω /m , OK with Copper
- Graphite : 1000 M Ω /m at nominal depth (6/7 σ)
- $Z_{\perp} \propto b^{-3}$, with b the jaw opening
 - problem at top energy only
 - may use n_1 as impedance knob, but affects \mathcal{L} :

$$n_1 = 6 \rightarrow 7.5 \Rightarrow Z_{\perp}/2 \Rightarrow 0.7\mathcal{L}$$

Transverse impedance - II

- **Scenario 1:**
 - Graphite for betatronic H-collimators
(on the way of mis-kicked bunches, $\sim 1/3$ of them)
 - All the others (included momentum coll.) : beryllium
- **Scenario 2:**
 - All graphite at injection
 - Collision : Graphite primaries / Copper sec. at 10σ
→ **requires tertiaries at high- β sections**

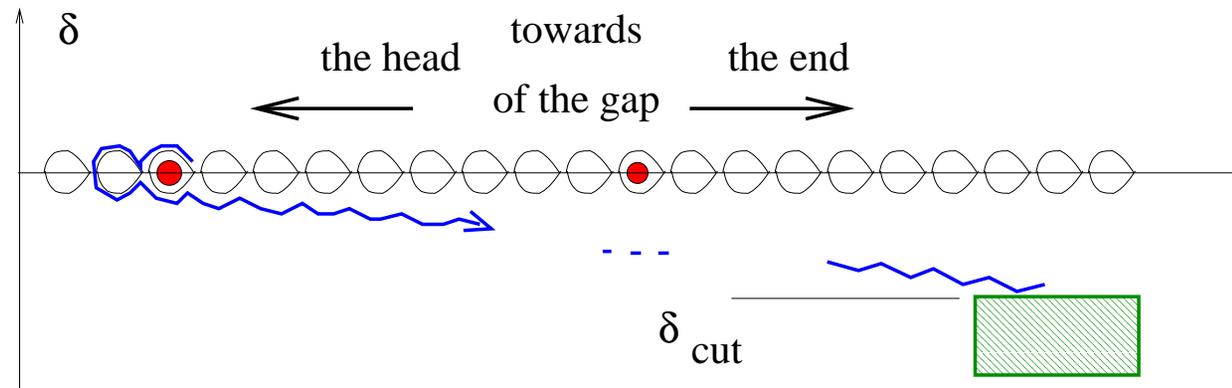
To be further worked-out, decision : summer 2003

Abort gap filling with off-bucket protons

Abort gap population - I

- Protons leaving a bucket loose energy by emitting synchrotron radiation
- They drift longitudinally and invade the abort gap
- Regular dump action may then provoke a quench
- Momentum collimation limits their density
- Compare expected to allowed steady state densities

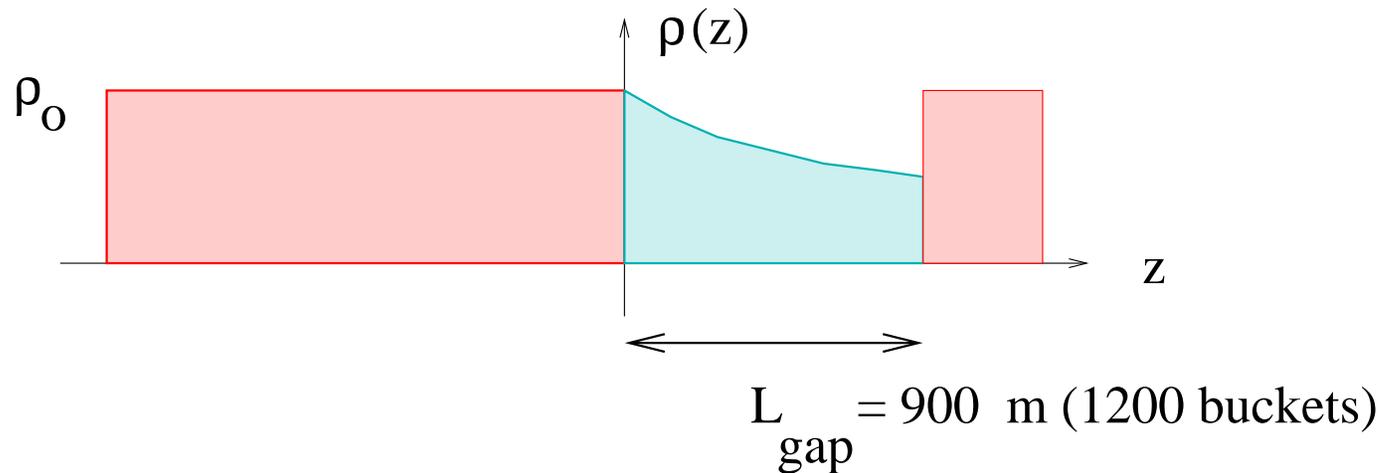
Abort gap population - II



- Compute the flux for $(z_{\text{gap}} - z_{\text{bunch}})$, then \dot{z}_{gap} and ρ_{gap}
- Sum over all bunches
- Numeric integration needed (longitudinal motion with RF)

Paper in preparation (E. Chapochnikova, S. Fartoukh and B.J.)

Abort gap population - III



$$\rho_0 \simeq 0.7 \frac{N_0}{\tau_{\text{long}} L_{\text{ring}}} \frac{\delta_{\text{cut}}}{\dot{\delta}} = 2.2 \cdot 10^7 \text{ p/m for } \tau_{\text{long}} = 10 \text{ hr}$$

$$\text{with } \dot{\delta} = \frac{U_0}{E_{\text{beam}}} f_r = 10^{-5} \text{ (7keV/7TeV, /1.1 } 10^4)$$

$$\text{and } \dot{\delta}_{\text{cut}} \simeq 10^{-3}$$

Abort gap population - IV

- Critical location : MQY cold magnet behind TCDQ
- Steady density at the head of the gap (no damper):

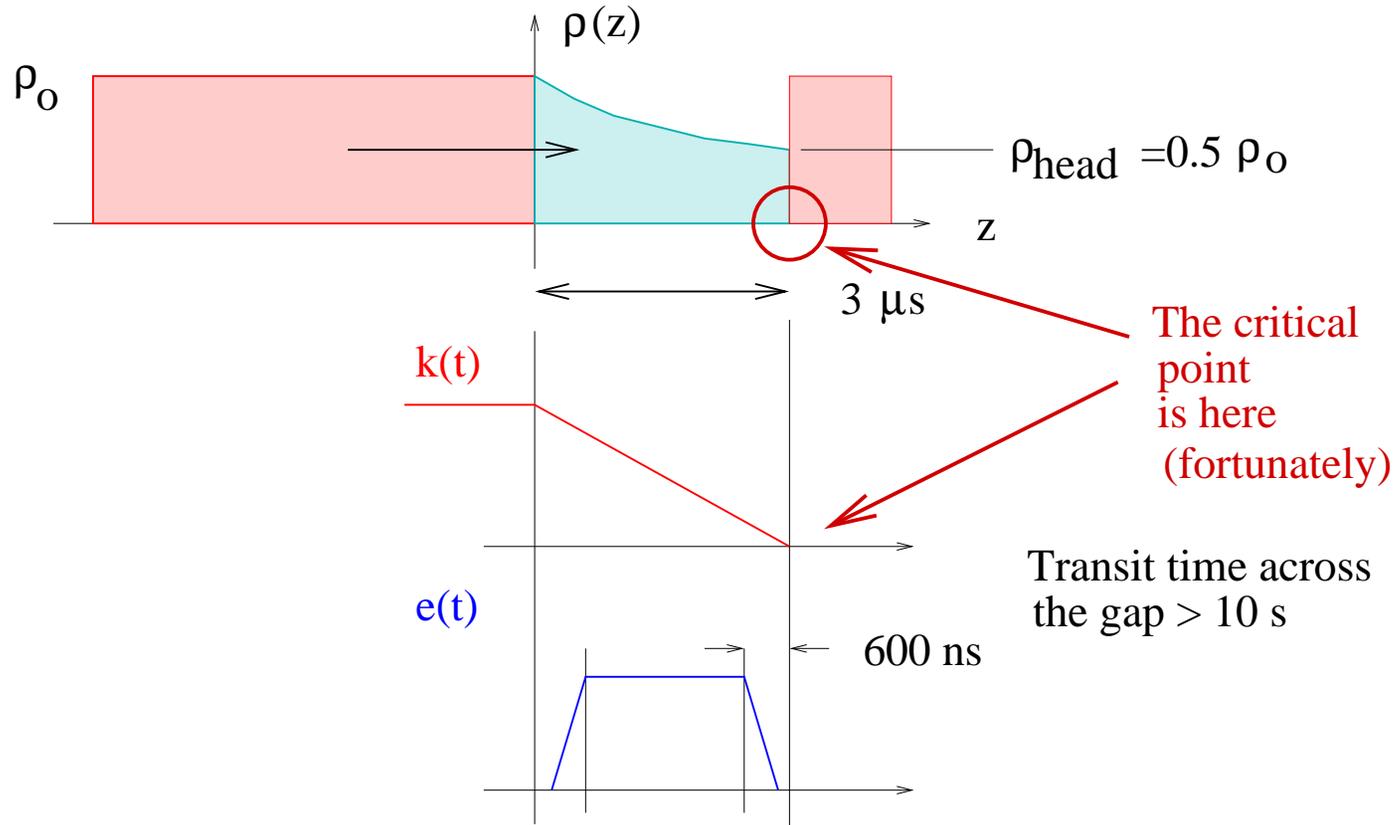
$$\rho_{\text{head}} = 1.2 \times 10^7 \text{ p/m} \quad (\tau_{\text{long}} = 10 \text{ hours})$$

- Tolerable density for MQY:

$$\rho_{\text{tol}} = 0.3 \times 10^7 \text{ p/m}$$

→ Excitation with transverse damper needed

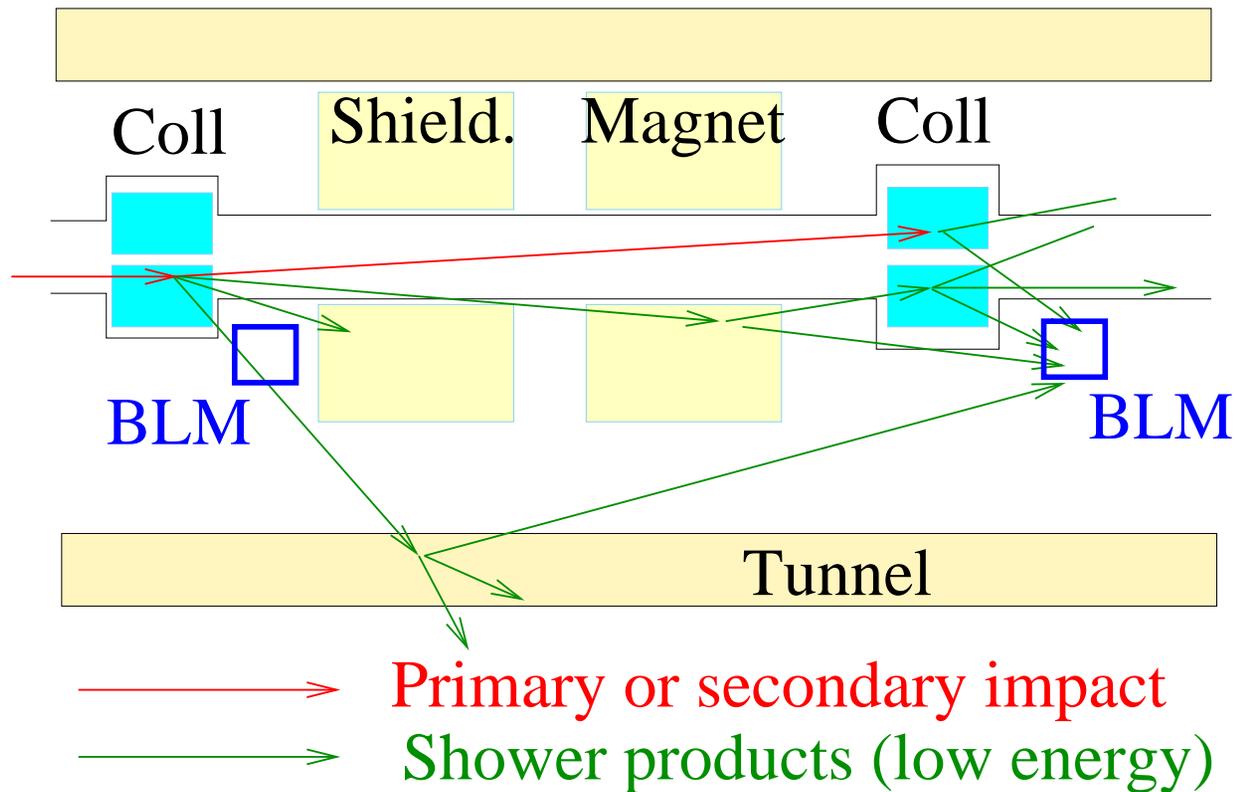
Abort gap population - V



Available damper power believed to be sufficient (W. Hofle),
but more work needed

Beam Loss Monitoring near collimators

Beam Loss Monitoring near collimators - I



Beam Loss Monitoring near collimators - II

- Multiturn tracking with edge-scattering (K2) to get a precise primary + secondary impact map ($\delta_p < \text{few } \%$)
- prim+sec map \rightarrow **MARS with everything**
- Run for the map on each jaw separately
 \rightarrow partial signal m_{ij} for every BLM i counter from every collimator j
- Explored simpler case: momentum cleaning (7 collimators)

On-going work with IHEP (B. Dehning, I. Kourotchkine, I. Ajguirei and I. Baishev)

Beam Loss Monitoring near collimators - III

$$\vec{s} = \mathbf{M} \vec{r}$$

$\mathbf{M} =$	0.0178	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.4662	1.19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.02684	0.02911	1.081	0.00039	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.04321	0.03889	1.085	1.044	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0079	0.00361	0.138	0.3245	0.9891	0.0	0.0
	0.00361	0.00177	0.03858	0.1187	0.513	0.9848	0.0
	0.00123	0.00069	0.00992	0.03493	0.16417	0.5093	0.9445

Beam Loss Monitoring near collimators - IV

- **M** built for nominal $n_1 = 6$, $n_2 = 7$
- Vary n for every jaw, and build **M** again, on-going
- **Analysis will say how precisely we can get**
 n_1 and $n_{2,i}$ from \vec{s} (with **M** not constant)
- If necessary, add more counters
- Real case: **invest time to built **M** with beam**

Betatron collimators: same problem but 20 jaws \rightarrow , a bit later