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Note2: Leave no blanks. Indicate ‘Not Applicable (N/A)’, where appropriate.

Title and Preparer	
<p>Low energy slot irradiation of Copper (0.005’), Titanium (0.005”) and Scandium (0.010”) foils welded in a copper can (Sc foil target)</p> <p>Dmitri Medvedev</p>	
Instructions	
Description	Page No.
<p>1. Overview [short summary of purpose of experiment; name of principle investigator and researcher involved]</p>	4
<p>2. Target Material and Properties – [Provide physical properties of <u>each component/material</u> to be irradiated]</p>	5-6
<p>3. Target Canning Process – [provide images or drawings and reference the OPM procedures for closing and opening of target can]</p>	7
<p>4. Beam Characteristics [define required beam on target and total current required]</p>	8
<p>5. Proposed Experiment [Provide general description of a) how target will be supplied BLIP, b) target array in box 1 and box 2; c) thermal analysis of target material and target can d) transport of irradiated target to TPL; target opening and processing at TPL and e) disposal of waste. List persons responsible for conducting each task. If others are required to assist in the research irradiation, define level of skill of staff and contact time.]</p>	8-9
<p>a. Procedure for Irradiation of Target Material BLIP [Summarize steps for experiment including specialist and contact hours required for task]</p>	8
<p>b. Target Array [Define proposed target array for box 1 and box 2 including SRIM calculated entry and exit energy for each layer. Provide physical dimension of degraders, target can, materials and water gaps]</p>	8

<p>c. Thermal Analysis of Target Materials and Target Can [Provide full description of data provide to specialist for calculations and any assumption made on material for calculations]</p>	9
<p>d. Transport and Processing at TPL [Provide full description of task involved and responsible persons and contact hours required]</p>	9
<p>e. Disposal of waste. [describe waste to be generated and how it will be disposed of]</p>	9
<p>6. Activation Analysis of Target Material and Can [Provide full list of radionuclide produced and quantities, references used for calculations, as well as decay profiles if the dose rates exceed limit for removal from BLIP hot-cell. Ensure Health Physics has reviewed data and confirms decay requirement if they are dose related. Attach analyses if any.]</p>	10
<p>a. Radioactivity of each nuclide at end of bombardment (EOB), at 8 hours and 24 hours post EOB.</p>	n/a
<p>7. Expected Dose Rate (e.g., R/h at 1 m) [provide expected dose rate using <i>Microshield or equivalent</i> calculations for the combined and separate target and can irradiated. Provide expected dose rate at EOB at BLIP and expected dose rate when delivered to TPL]</p>	10
<p>8. Additional Safety Requirements [address hazardous issues related to volatiles and or corrosive materials used and any additional equipment required for this experiment; hazardous materials information must be submitted to the C-AD ESSHQ Division Head for concurrence]</p>	11
<p>9. Special Operating Instructions and List of References or Supporting Documents</p>	
<p>10. Appendix [provide additional support information as required]</p>	13

1. Overview

The purpose of this experiment is to assess effective beam current and energy in the low energy slot at BLIP. It involves irradiation of Cu, Ti and Sc foils beam-welded in a capsule made of Copper ("Sc foil target" henceforth). This experiment is performed in support of a future irradiation of a thicker Sc (scandium) metal target.

Two Sc scandium metal targets is scheduled to be irradiated in FY2015, one is for 1 week and the other one for a month in a low energy slot at BLIP. The purpose of this irradiations is to produce a long lived nuclide Ti-44 ($T_{1/2}=60$ years) which is a parent nuclide of a short lived PET emitter Sc-44 ($T_{1/2}=3.97$ h). Hence, Ti-44 and Sc-44 form a generator pair. Ti-44 will be separated from Sc and used to make a generator for Sc-44.

Before executing a long term irradiation with larger targets, the short irradiation with Sc foil target will be carried out. Based on the radionuclide ratio at EOB in the foils, beam current and energy can be evaluated to project the yields in thicker targets more accurately.

This canning record submission is for the Sc foil target irradiation only. The canning record for larger Sc targets will be submitted separately.

2. Target Material and Properties

Target Name:	<i>To be determined</i>	Target & Canning No. <i>Assign unique no. (year-00x)</i>		To be determined		
Foil 1 of 3: Target Material Properties: copper foil						
Purity or Grade	99.99%					
Chemical Formula	Cu					
Physical Characteristics at 70 °F or 21 °C	Metal					
Physical Form	Foil	yes	Powder	n/a		
	Diameter (inches/mm)	2.5	Thickness, mm	0.005 (0.127)		
Elements (%)	Cu, 99.99%					
Melting Point	1084	°C	1984	°F		
Boiling Point	2562	°C	4346	°F		
Thermal Conductivity	401 W.m ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹	Temperature dependence	(if available) n/a			
Density	8.96	g/cm ³				
Specific Heat	24.44	J/mol.K				
Target Material Reactions / Properties						
Does the Target material react with any of the following?	Aluminium	no	Air	no	CO₂	no
	H₂O	no	Lead	no	Zinc	no
	Inconel 600	no	S/Steel	no	Copper	no
Foil 2 of 3: Target Material Properties: Titanium foil						
Purity or Grade	99%					
Chemical Formula	Ti					
Physical Characteristics at 70 °F or 21 °C	Metal					
Physical Form	Foil	yes	Powder	n/a		
	Diameter (inches/mm)	2.5	Thickness, mm	0.005 (0.127)		
Elements (%)	Ti, 99.99%					
Melting Point	1668	°C	3034	°F		
Boiling Point	3287	°C	5949	°F		

Thermal Conductivity	21.9 W.m ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹	Temperature dependence	(if available) n/a			
Density	4.51	g/cm ³				
Specific Heat	25.06	J/mol.K				
Target Material Reactions / Properties						
Does the Target material react with any of the following?	Aluminium	no	Air	no	CO ₂	no
	H ₂ O	no	Lead	no	Zinc	no
	Inconel 600	no	S/Steel	no	Copper	no
Foil 3 of 3. Target Material Properties: Scandium foil						
Purity or Grade	99.99%					
Chemical Formula	Sc					
Physical Characteristics at 70 °F or 21 °C	Metal					
Physical Form	Foil	yes	Powder	n/a		
	Diameter (inches/mm)	1.97 (50)	Thickness, mm	0.010 (0.254)		
Elements (%)	Sc, 99.9%					
Melting Point	1541	°C	2806	°F		
Boiling Point	2836	°C	5136	°F		
Thermal Conductivity	15.8 W.m ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹	Temperature dependence	(if available) n/a			
Density	2.99	g/cm ³				
Specific Heat	25.52	J/mol.K				
Target Material Reactions / Properties						
Does the Target material react with any of the following?	Aluminium	no	Air	no	CO ₂	no
	H ₂ O	no	Lead	no	Zinc	no
	Inconel 600	no	S/Steel	no	Copper	no
Canning Material Properties						
Chemical Formula	Cu					
Can Wall Thickness (inches/mm)						
Can Dimensions (inches/mm)	Can Diameter 2.75 (69.85)			Can Width 0.220 (5.59)		
Melting Point	1668	°C	3034	°F		
Thermal Conductivity	400 W.m ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹	Temperature dependence	(if available) n/a			

Density	8.96	g/cm ³
Specific Heat	24.44	J/mol.K

3. Target Canning Process

The target will be beam-welded by EB industries, following CAD OPM 19.17.1

The foils will be placed in the following order in the lower part of the target:

- 1) Sc-foil
- 2) Titanium foil on top of Sc foil
- 3) Cu foil on top of Titanium foil

4. Beam Characteristics		
Maximum Instantaneous Current Desired	40	μA
Average Current Desired	Available at BLIP at the time of irradiation (90-115)	μA
Total Integrated Current Desired	100	μA - hrs
Maximum Proton Energy on Target Material	27 MeV	MeV
5. Experiment Description		
<p>5.a Procedure for irradiation of target material in BLIP: Irradiate target at blip in the low energy slot for 1 hour from 9:00 am to 10:00 am and transport to BLIP after irradiation. Follow CAD OPM 19.17.20 to install or remove the target</p>		
<p>5.b Target array in Box 1 Target array is given in appendix 1. Briefly, the target array is the same as OPM 19.17.20 a, except the Al beam stop is replaced by the Sc foil target</p>		
<p>5.c Thermal analysis of target material and target can (attach analyses if any): Thermal analysis is given in appendix 2. The conclusions are given below:</p>		

Summary & Conclusion

- Maximum Copper holder temperature = 245°C (234°C on water contact surface)
- Copper melting temperature = 1085 °C
- SAFE on melting. The water contact temperature is above boiling, but much less than other targets that have been irradiated (351°C on the SrCl₂ target).
- Maximum Copper foil temperature = 296 °C
- Copper melting temperature = 1085 °C
- SAFE
- Maximum Titanium temperature = 373 °C
- Titanium melting temperature = 1668 °C
- SAFE
- Maximum Scandium temperature = 368 °C
- Scandium melting temperature = 1541 °C
- SAFE

5.d Transport of irradiated target to TPL, target opening and processing:

Follow CAD OPM 19.17.30 to transport the target from BLIP in a pig

Follow CAD OPM 19.9.4. to open the target using target cutter

The foils will be allowed to decay and removed from hot cell for assay. *Samples removal is governed by RWP which limits dose rate to less than a 100 mr/h at contact with the sample or 5 mr/h at 1 foot. The intention is not to remove the foils from the hot cell until dose rate at contact is <20 mr/h or so. The foils will go inside the contamination area in semihot 4 hood in a secondary container.*

In the hood the foils will be dissolved in stoichiometric excess of acids as outlined below and assayed using gamma spectroscopy:

Copper foil – concentrated HNO₃

Sc-foil – 2N HCl

Ti foil – 6N HCl at 100 °C

5.e Disposal of waste:

Liquid waste will be disposed in D tank system. Target body will be disposed as TPL solid waste CAD OPM 19.30.3

6. Activation Analysis of Target Material and Can

Nuclides and activities produced in the foils and target can after **1 h** of irradiation:

Nuclide	Cu-61	Cu-64	Zn-62	Zn-65	Sc-43	Sc-44g
T1/2, h	3.333	12.701	9.186	5854.32	3.891	3.97
A, mCi	100.1	188.8	155.0	44.8	35.0	1285.1

Nuclide	Sc-44m	Sc-46	Sc-47	V-48	Ti-45	Ti-44
T1/2, h	58.61	2011.0	80.38	383.4	3.08	525600
A, mCi	50.0	0.04	1.4	1.2	242.7	9.98E-04

Decay Requirements

None at BLIP.

7. Expected Dose Rate

Expected dose rate to the operator from Sc foil target at EOB at BLIP is 0.1 mR/h. The Microshield[®] report is attached.

8. Additional Safety Requirements

none

9. Special Operating Instructions

none

Supporting Documentation

References	

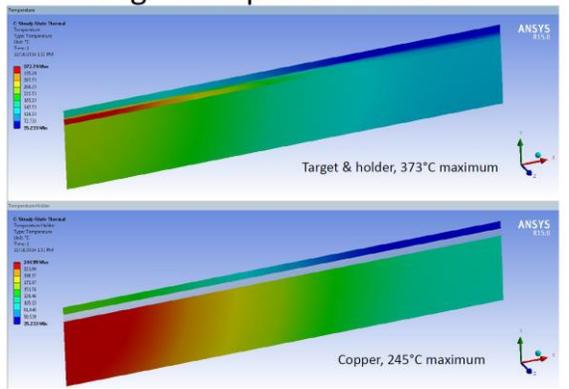
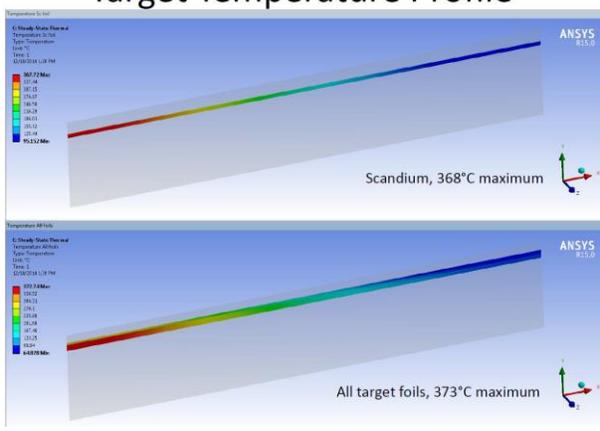
Appendix 1.

Target array and energy propagation

		Energy: 117.1 MeV			thickness			
water displacement by can	layer number	Layer	Material	density	inches	mm	Ei	Eout
	1	Be window	Berillium	1.85	0.012	0.305	117.10	116.80
	2	AlBeMet window	AlBeMet	2.10	0.012	0.305	116.80	116.46
	3	Beamline window	stainless steel	7.99	0.031	0.787	116.46	113.61
	4	water gap	water	1.00	0.106	2.692	113.61	111.80
	5	cooling channel	water	1.00	0.200	5.080	109.91	106.38
SS degrader: vacuum box 0.654	6		stainles steel	7.99	0.029	0.737	106.38	103.61
	7	vacuum box	vacuum	0.00	0.596	15.138		
	8		stainless steel	7.99	0.029	0.737	103.61	100.57
	9	cooling channel	water	1.00	0.200	5.080	100.57	96.80
1st RbCl 0.670	10	can window	inconel	8.43	0.012	0.305	96.80	95.48
	11	RbCl salt	RbCl	2.38	0.646	16.410	95.48	74.14
	12	can window	inconel	8.43	0.012	0.305	74.14	72.54
	13	cooling channel	water	1.00	0.200	5.080	72.54	67.65
2nd RbCl 0.524	14	can window	inconel	8.43	0.012	0.305	67.65	65.93
	15	RbCl salt	RbCl	2.38	0.500	12.700	65.93	42.97
	16	can window	inconel	8.43	0.012	0.305	42.97	40.53
	17	cooling channel	water	1.00	0.200	5.080	40.53	32.58
Sc foil target	18	Copper window	Cu	8.96	0.020	0.508	32.58	26.93
	19	Copper foil	Cu	8.96	0.005	0.127	26.93	25.39
	20	Titanium foil	Ti	4.50	0.005	0.127	25.39	24.55
	21	Scandium foil	Sc	2.99	0.010	0.254	24.55	23.36
	22	Copper window	Cu	8.96	0.180	4.572	23.36	stop
	23	cooling channel	water	1.00	0.200	5.080	0.00	0.00

Appendix 2

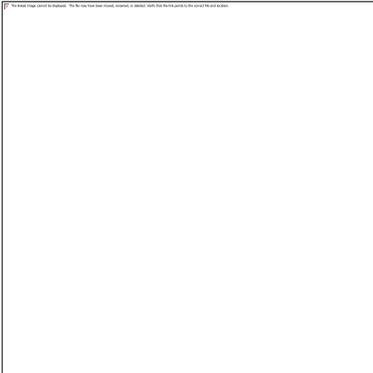
Thermal heat load calculations for the Sc foil target

<h3 style="text-align: center;">Sc, Ti & Cu Target & Copper Holder Thermal Analysis</h3> <p style="text-align: center;">Chris Cullen December 18, 2014</p>	<h3 style="text-align: center;">Conditions</h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steady state average current = 115 μA Pulse width = .000425 sec Pulse Frequency = 6.667 Hz 4 targets, (5) .20" water gaps
<h3 style="text-align: center;">Finite Element Model</h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2D Axi-symmetric model Target, .220" thick assembled <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – (1) x .020" thick Copper face, upstream – (1) x .005" thick Copper foil – (1) x .005" thick Titanium foil – (1) x .010" thick Scandium foil – (1) x .180" thick Copper face, downstream Steady-state analysis Thermal contact conductance between each layer = 2,000 W/m²*°C Steady state water cooling on exterior = 8,388 W/m²*°C Gaussian Internal heat generation for all bodies 	<h3 style="text-align: center;">Target Temperature Profile</h3> 
<h3 style="text-align: center;">Target Temperature Profile</h3> 	<h3 style="text-align: center;">Summary & Conclusion</h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximum Copper holder temperature = 245°C (234°C on water contact surface) Copper melting temperature = 1085 °C SAFE on melting. The water contact temperature is above boiling, but much less than other targets that have been irradiated (351°C on the SrCl₂ target). Maximum Copper foil temperature = 296 °C Copper melting temperature = 1085 °C SAFE Maximum Titanium temperature = 373 °C Titanium melting temperature = 1668 °C SAFE Maximum Scandium temperature = 368 °C Scandium melting temperature = 1541 °C SAFE

Appendix 3

Microshield® report: dose rate at BLIP at EOB, 1 hour at 100 µA

MicroShield 7.02				
BNL (7.02-0000)				
Date	By	Checked		
Filename	Run Date	Run Time	Duration	
Sc foil target.ms7	January 29, 2015	9:46:29 AM	00:00:00	
Project Info				
Case Title	Sc foil target			
Description	Dose rate at BLIP			
Geometry	8 - Cylinder Volume - End Shields			
Source Dimensions				
Height	0.559 cm (0.2 in)			
Radius	6.985 cm (2.8 in)			
Dose Points				
A	X	Y	Z	
#1	0.0 cm (0.0 in)	45.72 cm (1 ft 6.0 in)	0.0 cm (0.0 in)	
Shields				
Shield N	Dimension	Material	Density	
Source	5.227 in ³	Copper	8.96	
Shield 1	6.0 in	Air	0.00122	
Shield 2	6.0 in	Lead	11.72	
Air Gap		Air	0.00122	
Source Input: Grouping Method - Standard Indices				
Number of Groups: 25				
Lower Energy Cutoff: 0.015				
Photons < 0.015: Included				
Library: ICRP-38				
Nuclide	Ci	Bq	µCi/cm³	Bq/cm³
Cu-61	1.0012e-001	3.7044e+009	1.1689e+003	4.3250e+007
Cu-64	1.8881e-001	6.9860e+009	2.2044e+003	8.1562e+007



Sc-43	3.5010e-002	1.2954e+009	4.0875e+002	1.5124e+007
Sc-44	1.2850e+000	4.7545e+010	1.5003e+004	5.5509e+008
Sc-44m	4.9980e-002	1.8493e+009	5.8352e+002	2.1590e+007
Sc-46	4.0000e-005	1.4800e+006	4.6700e-001	1.7279e+004
Sc-47	1.3600e-003	5.0320e+007	1.5878e+001	5.8749e+005
Ti-44	9.9800e-007	3.6926e+004	1.1652e-002	4.3112e+002
Ti-45	2.4275e-001	8.9818e+009	2.8341e+003	1.0486e+008
V-48	1.2300e-003	4.5510e+007	1.4360e+001	5.3133e+005
Zn-62	1.5502e-001	5.7357e+009	1.8099e+003	6.6965e+007
Zn-65	4.4770e-002	1.6565e+009	5.2269e+002	1.9340e+007

**Buildup: The material reference is Shield 2
Integration Parameters**

Radial	20
Circumferential	10
Y Direction (axial)	10

Results

Energy (MeV)	Activity (Photons/sec)	Fluence Rate MeV/cm ² /sec No Buildup	Fluence Rate MeV/cm ² /sec With Buildup	Exposure Rate mR/hr No Buildup	Exposure Rate mR/hr With Buildup
0.015	5.577e+09	0.000e+00	2.824e-23	0.000e+00	2.422e-24
0.04	1.445e+09	0.000e+00	2.062e-23	0.000e+00	9.120e-26
0.06	1.897e+08	0.000e+00	4.389e-24	0.000e+00	8.717e-27
0.08	3.497e+04	1.561e-168	1.209e-27	2.469e-171	1.913e-30
0.15	3.422e+07	2.883e-148	5.401e-23	4.748e-151	8.895e-26
0.2	2.512e+08	4.042e-71	2.613e-23	7.134e-74	4.611e-26
0.3	2.194e+09	7.393e-26	4.160e-22	1.402e-28	7.892e-25
0.4	1.176e+09	1.645e-13	4.017e-13	3.204e-16	7.827e-16
0.5	1.169e+11	2.837e-06	8.319e-06	5.569e-09	1.633e-08
0.6	1.914e+09	2.368e-05	7.549e-05	4.622e-08	1.474e-07
0.8	4.029e+07	2.591e-04	9.565e-04	4.929e-07	1.819e-06
1.0	4.868e+10	7.412e+00	2.955e+01	1.366e-02	5.447e-02
1.5	5.337e+08	2.861e+00	1.206e+01	4.814e-03	2.029e-02
2.0	4.257e+06	8.535e-02	3.653e-01	1.320e-04	5.649e-04

Basket assembly

